

8th grade Vocabulary Week 22

Evaporation	Weather front	Cold front	Warm front	Maritime Air Mass
transpiration	Air Mass	Tropical Air Mass	Polar Air Mass	Nimbus
Dew point	High-pressure system	Low-pressure system	Continental Air Mass	Stationary front (occluded)
	Condensation	Precipitation	Humidity	Relative humidity
	Cirrus	Stratus	Cumulus	barometer

- 1. NIMBUS** Type of cloud that is gray, dark gray that will produce rain
- 2. TRANSPIRATION** Process where plants release water vapor
- 3. CONTINENTAL** Air mass that forms over land
- 4. STRATUS** Type of cloud that is low, flat and sheet-like
- 5. BAROMETER** instrument used for measuring air pressure
- 6. STATIONARY** Type of front where neither air mass can push the other out of the way
- 7. RELATIVE HUMIDITY** The amount of water vapor that air can hold at a certain temperature
- 8. CUMULUS** Type of cloud that resembles cotton balls
- 9. WARM** Type of front where warm air mass pushes out a cold air mass
- 10. POLAR** Air mass that forms near the poles
- 11. HUMIDITY** Amount of water vapor in the air
- 12. MARITIME** Air mass that forms over seas, oceans
- 13. WEATHER FRONT** Place where two air masses meet
- 14. EVAPORATION** Process where liquid turns into a gas
- 15. PRECIPITATION** When water droplets in a cloud become too large
- 16. COLD** Type of front where cold air pushes out the warmer air
- 17. DEW POINT** Temperature at which water vapor condenses into a liquid
- 18. AIR MASS** Large portion of air that has relatively the same temperature and humidity
- 19. HIGH** Area where there are more air molecules and air is sinking
- 20. LOW** Area where there are less air molecules and air is rising
- 21. CONDENSATION** Process where a gas turns into liquids
- 22. CIRRUS** High altitude clouds that resemble horse tails
- 23. TROPICAL** Air mass that forms near the equator